- 1. [9 points] Find all of the critical numbers of each function.
 - (a) $f(x) = (x-1)(x-5)^3$
 - (b) $f(x) = 10x^{4/5} 5x^{9/5}$
- 2. [9 points] Evaluate each limit at infinity.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 8x + 4}{6x^2 + 7x - 4}$$

(b) $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{7x + 1}{2x^2 - 3x - 7}$
(c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 7}{2x + 3}$

- 3. [10 points] Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of $f(x) = x\sqrt{12 x}$ on the interval [3, 11].
- 4. [12 points] Sand is being poured onto a conical pile at a rate of 40 cubic feet per minute. The diameter of the pile is 4 times the height. How quickly (in feet per minute) is the radius of the pile increasing, when the radius is equal to 20 feet?

(The volume of a cone with height h and radius r is $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.)

5. [20 points] Consider the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x^2 + 12}.$$

The first two derivatives of this function are as follows. You do not need to compute these.

$$f'(x) = \frac{16x}{(x^2 + 12)^2}$$
$$f''(x) = -\frac{48(x^2 - 4)}{(12 + x^2)^3}$$

- (a) On which intervals is f(x) increasing on which intervals is it decreasing?
- (b) Using your answer to part (a), determine any local max(s) and/or local min(s) of f(x). Give both the x and y coordinates.
- (c) On which intervals is f(x) concave up and on which intervals is it concave down?
- (d) Using your answer to part (c), determine any **point(s) of inflection** of f(x). Give both the x and the y coordinates.
- (e) Determine any **horizontal asymptotes** of the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x^2 + 12}$.
- (f) Draw a rough sketch of the graph y = f(x), incorporating the information you found in parts (a) through (e).